SOCIAL AND CULTURE



Press Reporting Male Mo Serbian Singer Pajcin

Wounds on the body of the popular Serbian singer Ksenija Pajcin, 32, and her boyfriend, Filip Kapisoda, 22, a Montenegrin model, suggest a case of



Myanmar Bid At New Political Era Faces Capacity Challenge

A lack of capacity on several levels is likely to hamper Myanmar's bid to change its political structure, diplomats and analysts say. The military gove... | Read more...

Social

Click here for more Social and Cultural News ...



HEALTH



New Research Shows Babies Are Born To Dance

Researchers have discovered that infants respond to the rhythm and tempo of music and find it more engaging than speech. The findings, based on the stu... | Read more...

Exceptional Epidemics: AIDS Still Deserves A Global Response

By Alan Whiteside and Julia SmithThere has been a renewed debate over whether AIDS deserves an exceptional response. We argue that as AIDS is having d... I Read

more...

Click here for more Health News articles ...

NEWS ARCHIVE

News Archive

0000493435





STOP CARTEL Organization

Related Posts

Sonic Blasts Over Gaza After Projectile Kills Thai Worker

Thai Demonstrators Hold 'Bloody' Protest Thailand Records Six More Swine Flu Deaths

Recovering From The Global Crisis: Exit Policies And Challenges Ahead

Polymer Created That Neutralizes Both Biological And Chemical Weapons

Newer Post

Post a Comment

o comments:

Comment as: Select profile... Post Comment Preview the scientific world. One of its best tools has been the implementation of radiologic identification of human remains

A research conducted at the University of Granada warns of the need to create "ir citizens, from all countries of the world, that include computer records of citizens s physiognomic characteristics, medical information, radiographic files, dental recor

This work has been performed by Tzipi Kahana (former student at the Hebrew Un Department of Physical Anthropology of the University of Granada, and directed b López and Immaculada Alemán Aguilera. Its author argues that the creation of thi proper thanatological management following natural disasters or attacks", in order diagnosis of the data of death and to enable the identification of victims.

Tsunami in Thailand

Kahana worked with the Israel Police in the task of identifying bodies after the tsunami that hit Phuket (Thailand) in December 2004. They after the disaster and, along with other teams that arrived successively (Italy, Switzerland, Japan, Canada and Portugal), identified more the active in identifying victims of the terrorist attack on the Asociación Mutual Israelita Argentina (AMIA) which took place in Buenos Aires, in

In this work, the scientist has analyzed how new radiographic technologies comply with legal requirements of the forensic field, studying th Forensic Radiology as a new discipline through its symbiotic relationship with Forensic Anthropology, Tzipi Kahana has based her research field of forensic anthropology for 20 years and, for the first time, her work meets the new legal requirements, the magnitude of major catasi centuries, and technological advances of the modern world.

From her point of view, "it is essential" to carry out a radiographic examination of all human remains in the field of forensic identification, as provides documentation of the recovered material, but it is useful both in the identification of skeletal trauma and in the location of teeth hid

A crucial role

Tzipi Kahana stresses that radiological investigation, as part of the thanatological examination, "is very useful in cases of traffic accidents, identification of corpses." Furthermore, radiographic examination plays a crucial role in the positive identification of human remains on For

The effectiveness and usefulness of any identification technique depends on the speed at which ante mortem data are available. In Israel, where there are no fingerprint records of all people, an average of 10% of all medico-legal cases are individuals or human remains whose 80% were identified through radiographic comparisons during the 90s.

The UGR researcher points out that some of the degenerative changes of the spine "are excellent radiological features, useful for the iden remains", since, in general, "the radiographs of the spine contain a large number of individualizing features"

Useful vertebral features for necroidentification include conditions such as evidence of healed trauma, degenerative and infectious process and normal anatomic variations of the spinal structures.

Part of the results of this research has been published in scientific journals such as British Journal of Radiology, Journal of Forensic Identif Forensic Medicine and Pathology, Journal of Clinical Forensic Medicine and Forensic Pathology Reviews, among others.

The Global Antitrust Gate For Real and Free Competition

photo cd

8 Top Specialists are Online, Now! Ask a Question, Get an Answer. ASAP

Ads by Google